

ANALOG MODULES, INC.



ANALOG/DIGITAL FIBER OPTIC LINK

- ACCEPTS ANALOG/DIGITAL INPUTS
- TRANSPARENT TRANSMISSION DC AND AC INFORMATION
- ADJUSTABLE GAIN/OFFSET AT RECEIVER
- LOW COST



DESCRIPTION:

The *Model 732T/R* Fiber Optic Link can be modulated with various analog/digital signals from DC to 10MHz to form a versatile and transparent fiber optic transmission system. Typical applications include short haul (\leq 1km) analog/digital data links and EMI isolation applications in which the use of conventional wire is undesirable.

SPECIFICATIONS:

Link Bandwidth

Range DC to10MHz (analog BW)

Flatness \pm 3%

Transmitter Input

Signals Sinewave/pulses or DC

Amplitude \pm 2.5V (add -2.5 to part number)

0 to 5V (add -5 to part number)

Impedance 50Ω (add -50 to part number)

 $33k\Omega$ (add -33k to part number)

Input (Electrical) SMA

Output (Optical) ST connector

Wavelength 850nm

Fiber Designed to operate with a

customer supplied ST to ST

(Ceramic), 62.5/125µm multimode, PVC Simplex. 10m cable available

for an additional fee.

Receiver Output

Amplitude \pm 2.5V or 0 to 5V, non-inverting

Load $> 1k\Omega$ Output (Electrical) SMA

Gain/Offset Trimpot adjustable

Dynamic Range 55dB peak signal to rms noise

Input (Optical) ST connector

Power \pm 15VDC at 50mA typical for both

transmitter and receiver

Temperature 0° to 70°C

Size

Transmitter 2.96" x 1.00" x 0.61" Receiver 2.96" x 1.00" x 0.61"

Weight 20 grams each



Specifications subject to change without notice.

APPLICATIONS:

Short Haul, EMI Isolation, Audio/Video Link

Typical Part Number: 732T/R-2.5-50-10M = Transmitter: Electrical Input Connector: SMA

Input Amplitude: ±2.5V

 $\begin{array}{cc} & \text{Input Impedance:} & 50\Omega \\ \text{Optical Output Connector:} & \text{ST} \end{array}$

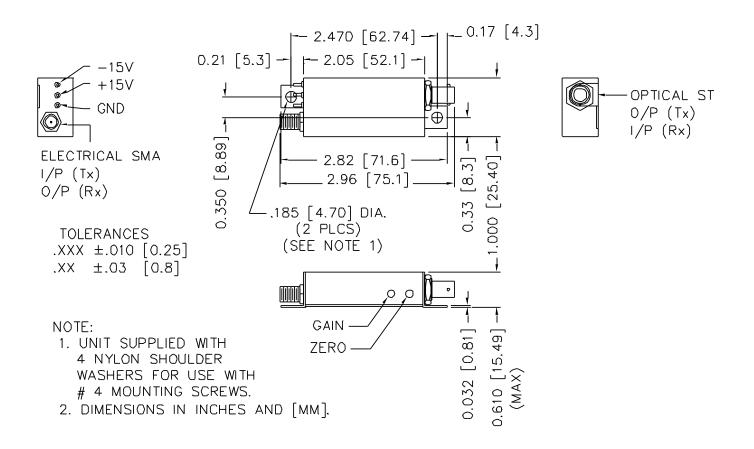
Receiver: Optical Input Connector: ST

Electrical Output Connector: SMA

Optional Fiber: ST to ST (Ceramic) 62.5/125μm, multimode,

PVC Simplex, 10 meters with mating connector terminations. Available for an

additional fee.



A change in signal of $\pm 25\%$ may result when cable and/or ST connectors are moved. Receiver gain and offset should be calibrated each time the fiber and/or connectors are moved. Permanent bonding should be considered if greater accuracy is required.